

MRI Cervical Spine

Providers can expedite a request by submitting a prior authorization request through e-referral and completing the appropriate questionnaire. If all questions are answered, e-referral will determine the status of the case based on the provider's response. If the case pends and BCN cannot authorize it, BCN will contact the provider for additional clinical information.

Code***	Description		
72156	Magnetic resonance (e.g. proton) imaging, spinal canal and contents without contrast material followed by contrast material and further sequences; cervical		
72142	Magnetic resonance (e.g. proton) imaging, spinal canal and contents, cervical; with contrast material		
72141	Magnetic resonance (e.g. proton) imaging, spinal canal and contents, cervical; without contrast material		
1.	Does the patient have:		
2.	Abnormal imaging study OR electromyelogram (EMG) where MRI was recommended?	□ Yes □ No	
3.	X-ray OR CT showing bone destruction OR abnormality?	□ Yes □ No	
4.	Is the patient a pediatric patient (under the age of 18) with concern of congenital anomaly?	□ Yes □ No	
5.	Neck pain with mild neurologic symptoms* AND not responsive to conservative measures (e.g. acetaminophen or non-steroidal anti-inflammatory drugs (NSAIDs), limiting activities that aggravate symptoms, physical therapy) > 4 weeks?	□ Yes □ No	
6.	Neck pain WITH major neurologic symptoms**	□ Yes □ No	
7.	Neck pain WITH history of cancer spreading to other body parts?	□ Yes □ No	
8.	Neck trauma or injury (i.e., car accident, fall, sports injury, injury from an assault, spinal manipulation) WITH mild neurologic symptoms* OR major neurologic symptoms** – any age?	□ Yes □ No	
9.	Mild neck trauma (i.e. muscle strain, sleeping in the wrong position) WITH mild neurologic symptoms* OR major neurologic symptoms** – patient age over 70?	□ Yes □ No	
10.	Known spinal tumor to be evaluated or re-evaluated?	□ Yes □ No	
11.	Neck pain (only) WITH normal X-ray OR CT AND ANY of the following: Fever, elevated WBCs (white blood cell count); history of IV drug abuse or immunosuppression (transplant, radiation therapy, chemotherapy, steroid medication, HIV, etc.)?	□ Yes □ No	
12.	SEVERE neck pain not relieved with changes in body position?	□ Yes □ No	
13.	SEVERE neck pain that interferes with completion of activities of daily living (e.g., not able to go to work or may be able to work but needs to take frequent breaks due to pain)?	□ Yes □ No	
14.	SEVERE neck pain WITH failure of conservative treatment, for AT LEAST 3 DAYS, of (unless contraindicated OR not tolerated) BOTH an appropriate non-steroidal anti-inflammatory drug AND an opiate drug (e.g., morphine, codeine, oxycodone, hydrocodone, etc.)?	□ Yes □ No	
15.	Known or suspected myelopathy (weakness, stiffness or clumsiness in the hands; difficulty walking; difficulty controlling bladder and/or bowel functions)?	□ Yes □ No	
16.	Is the MRI being ordered for a patient with multiple sclerosis to evaluate spinal lesions / plaques and / or to assess the treatment plan?	□ Yes □ No	

Radiology Questionnaire

17.	Is the MRI being ordered to rule out multiple sclerosis?	□ Yes □ No
18.	*Mild neurologic symptoms: arm or hand numbness and/or tingling with loss of sensation/feeling	
19.	**Major neurologic symptoms: arm muscle weakness, abnormal reflexes of arms	

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